

Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7-20

Name: PATRICK WYMAN

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5,000 cfs	7-20 AM	
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy      moderate      difficult

Take-out Access:      easy      moderate      difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam      Portage Rock Dam      Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	<u>-1</u>	0	1	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7-20	5600	2	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: 2

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

FIRST Rapid 2+  
ROCK DAM 3

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
ROCK DAM	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

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17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

BEST FLOW YET. MORE WAVES, MORE FEATURES



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/1/14

Name: Tim Dowd

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

<b>Flow 1</b>	<u>5000</u> cfs	Date/time <u>7/1/14</u>	<u>9:00 am - 11:00 am (Approx)</u>
<b>Flow 2</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 3</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 4</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 5, if applicable</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 6, if applicable</b>	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access:            easy                    moderate                    difficult

Take-out Access:        easy                    moderate                    difficult

*EXTREMELY  
difficult*

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		



6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

5000 CFS CLASS II; Rock Dam

Right Side = Class II<sup>+</sup>

Left Side = Class III<sup>+</sup> If unacceptable, was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20/14	5000	II - III <sup>+</sup>	-2	-1	0	1	2		

Rock Dam

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II - III<sup>+</sup>

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

- may change my mind after running higher flows

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

- my opinion may change after running higher levels

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Strainers at various places... River hazards that are random  
Rock Dam - challenge to scout at this level

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

Voluntary

←

→ Carried boat upstream of Rock Dam two times in order to Run Right Side Slot and then the class III\* slot on River left

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
<u>Rock Run</u>	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Strainer

Location

Approx 1/2 mile below  
Turners Greenfield  
bridge

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

\* Take Out at Poplar Street

Request/Suggest that "Right of Way" be obtained on (or) River Left immediately upstream of the Takeout we are using for the study.

The "Right of way" is a path that used to be drivable from Poplar St to river's edge.

People are camping + fishing on that sandbar this weekend.

Taking a raft out would be extremely arduous + potentially unsafe at current take out. The "Right of Way" would greatly improve the situation



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7-20-14

Name: Glenn Stewart

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000	cfs	Date/time 7-20-14 9AM	
Flow 4		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy      moderate      difficult

Take-out Access:      easy      moderate      difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam      Portage Rock Dam      Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>		
Safety	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
9 AM 7-20-14	5000	II+	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II +

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner	Advanced
<u>Novice</u>	Expert
Intermediate	

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
<u>Lower</u>	Much higher
No change	

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	<u>Higher</u>
Lower	Much higher
No change	

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

<u>Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Rating</u>
<u>Rock Dam III</u>	<u>III</u>
_____	_____

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)	<u>0</u>
Number of portages	<u>0</u>

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)



15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty	Location
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: JORDAN YARUSS

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	7/20 9AM	
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20/98	5000	II (III)	-2	-1	0	1	(2)		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II (III)

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner	Advanced
<u>Novice</u>	Expert
Intermediate	

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
Lower	Much higher
<u>No change</u>	

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	<u>Higher</u>
Lower	Much higher
No change	

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

<u>Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Rating</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)	<u>8</u>
Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)	<u>0</u>
Number of portages	<u>0</u>

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
NA	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

NA	

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

Takeout will be very difficult when raining.

~~At this flow, I would bring people who were ready for a small step-up from Fife.~~

At this flow, I would bring people who were ready for a small step-up from Fife.

I believe the main line of the Rock Dam is safer at this level than 2500 or 3500.





Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/2014

Name: Camm A. Tinney

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	5,000	cfs	Date/time	7/20/9:30am
Flow 2		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 4		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak creek

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Cataract

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy                      moderate                      difficult

Take-out Access:                      easy                      moderate                      difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam                      Portage Rock Dam                      Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>(2)</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	<u>(0)</u>	1	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>(0)</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	<u>(0)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	<u>(0)</u>	1	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>(2)</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>(2)</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>(1)</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>(2)</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>(1)</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	<u>(0)</u>	1	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20, 9:30	5000	II (III)	-2	-1	0	(1)	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

to teach others

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II (III)

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

<u>Beginner</u> (portage rock dam)	Advanced
<u>Novice</u> (do rock dam)	Expert
Intermediate	

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
Lower	Much higher
<u>No change</u> This seems like <sup>good</sup> minimum flow	

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	<u>Higher</u>
Lower	Much higher
No change	

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

<u>Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Rating</u>
- the right channel (left channel leading to rock dam) had some play waves. at higher flow it might be more playful	
- First rapid (R) of island after dam had some waves	

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)	<u>0</u>
Number of portages	<u>0</u>

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

N/A

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

no more than first two runs.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

this seems like a nice flow for beginners  
stepping up from the five block of Deerfield.

I can also see teaching a safety + rescue  
class at this level in ledges at Ordway.

Very easy to portage rock down on river  
left.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: BRUCE LESSERS

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	Date/time	7/20 AM
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		



6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20 AM	5000	II	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

1st RAPID

11

ROCK DAM

11-111

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

*Fun Play in first rapid*



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: Sunday, July 20, 2014

Name: Kathie O'Brien

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

<b>Flow 1</b>	<u>5000 cfs</u>	cfs	Date/time <u>7/20/14</u>	<u>9 AM - 11 AM</u>
<b>Flow 2</b>		cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 3</b>		cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 4</b>		cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 5, if applicable</b>		cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 6, if applicable</b>		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

play boat

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy ~~x~~ moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)  
*River left: main tongue River right: min. boof*

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	<u>0</u> *	1	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

\* The waves are there, but lack access (eddies). Everything is "catch on the fly"

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
			-2	-1	0	1	(2)		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: Class II w/ one class III (rock dam)

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

*Advanced beginner if they portage / by pass the rock dam*

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

First Rapid (below dam) class II+  
Rock dam (river left class III) river right class II+ class III

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)



15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
<u>No portaging (Rock dam would</u>	1	2	3	4
<u>have been simple to portage or</u>	1	2	3	4
<u>take a different channel. Easy to</u>	1	2	3	4
<u>walk back up river).</u>				

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

A few shore line trees on the islands,  
but all in mild current and easily  
avoided.

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

This river stretch has a lot of potential. It's conveniently located & access is easy. I'm not sure how many boaters will want to run this with only 2 rapids. They were run at 5000 cfs, but still might not be enough to draw people here.

The rapid below the dam has some great waves. Most of these though must be caught on the fly and have no eddy service. This limits how much they can be played.

The first rapid would be the perfect place for a whitewater play park. Enhancing / building a few eddies would significantly increase the desire for this run and amount of boater traffic.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: Tom Christopher

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	<u>5,000</u>	cfs	Date/time	<u>Morning</u>
Flow 2		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 4		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
			-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: III - IV

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Upper Leages

III

Rock Dam

IV

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

2

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
<u>NONE</u>	1	2	3	4
<u></u>	1	2	3	4
<u></u>	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

<u>No</u>	<u></u>
<u></u>	<u></u>
<u></u>	<u></u>

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.





Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: Zachary Hvizdak

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000	cfs	Date/time	7/20/14 10:00 am ish
Flow 4		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

*Both*

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
		II	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

as an instructor for Beginners  
but not on my own

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

for me

Lower

Much higher

No change

for class 11 Boaters

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Rock Darn

///

14. Estimate the number of hits,\*stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

at this level Rock Dam offers multiple technical lines which would make me willing to take <sup>novices</sup> ~~beginners~~ down this river. Rock dam is now better than Zore Gap because it can be run many times very easily. it is a good place to teach novices how to Scout Drops and line up horizon lines.

I heard the Steel I was told about yesterday was out of Play and Ran the line left of the tower with no trouble. It was very good.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: John Modena

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

<b>Flow 1</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 2</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 3</b>	5000 cfs	Date/time	7/20 9:00
<b>Flow 4</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 5, if applicable</b>	cfs	Date/time	
<b>Flow 6, if applicable</b>	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		



6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/1/20	5000	2.3	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: III

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

<u>Rock Dam</u>	<u>III</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
<u>no portage</u>	1	2	3	4
<u></u>	1	2	3	4
<u></u>	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

<u>None</u>	<u></u>
<u></u>	<u></u>
<u></u>	<u></u>

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

Great flow - I would drive for 90 minutes to paddle it.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14  
Name: Ryan Galway

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	7/20/14	8:3
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	2		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20/14	5000	II-III	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II-III

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Ledges @ portin

II

Rock Dan

III

14. Estimate the number of hits,\* stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)



15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

good play at ledges below dam  
more than 1 route through rock dam at this site



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: Evan Eichhorn

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	Date/time	7/20 - 9am
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Stand up paddle board

Inflatable kayak

C2

OC1

Raft

OC2

Catacraft

C1

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20/9am	5000	III	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: III

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Put-in - left of island

II

Below Mid-Canal Power Station - left center/center

II

Rock Dam - normal drop for right

III

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

1

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

1

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

0

Middle Channel @ Rock Dam Island - 2ft drop - paths on left and right - II

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
<del>N/A</del>	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

<del>N/A</del>	

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

- Great level - went left of island at pt-in, right of island seemed to take more of the water with the #4 gate open, ~~and~~
- Some mid-river surfing above Rock Dam, not as easy to catch for single black canoe
- Far right side of Rock Dam (left channel) was a good drop-easy
- Middle Channel @ Rock Dam was a good 2ft drop - good surf/play on right side





Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/18 AM  
Name: Ken Glusman

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	<u>5000</u> cfs	Date/time <u>7/20/18</u>	<u>AM</u>
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
<del>5/20/14</del> 7/20/14 AM	5000	2	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: 2

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

<u>Rock Dam</u>	<u>3</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____

14. Estimate the number of hits,\* stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop) 0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat) \_\_\_\_\_

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue) \_\_\_\_\_

Number of portages 0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: Sun July 20, 2014

Name: Charles Murray

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	Date/time 9:30	July 20
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Stand up paddle board

Inflatable kayak

C2

OC1

Raft

OC2

Catacraft

C1

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

ran on  
far river  
right

0  
?



6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
	5000	II	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class:

II for the lines I took  
(rock dam IV)

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

rock dam

Rating

TV

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

Number of portages

0  
3  
3  
0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
<u>no portages</u>	1	2	3	4
<u> </u>	1	2	3	4
<u> </u>	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

### Difficulty

Location

None.

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

— good level, opened up many possibilities for routes - easier to harder

- many routes through rock dam.  
opened up at higher level of 5000 cfs.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: Jim Michaud

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000	cfs	Date/time	7/20/14
Flow 4		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy      moderate      difficult

Take-out Access:      easy      moderate      difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam      Portage Rock Dam      Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20	5000	III	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: 3

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

<u>Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Rating</u>
<u>First rapid = class 3</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>The rest of the river = class 2</u>	<u>2</u>

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)	<u>1</u>
Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)	<u>0</u>
Number of portages	<u>0</u>

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)



15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
N/A	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

<u>none</u>	

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

Rock Dam was the easiest level yet.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: Jack Gill

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5000	cfs	Date/time 7/20	Morning
Flow 4		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response): *Ran Rock Dam in someone else's Open*

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20	5000	Cl. 2+	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: 2+ Except for Rock Dam.

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner	Advanced
<u>Novice</u>	Expert
Intermediate	

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
Lower	Much higher
<u>No change</u>	

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
Lower	Much higher
<u>No change</u>	

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

<u>Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Rating</u>
<u>At this level, a new easier route opened up at Rock Dam. This was far river right, directly alongside the Island shore</u>	<u>3 -</u>

14. Estimate the number of hits,\* stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)	<u>0</u>
Number of portages	<u>Scouted at Rock Dam</u>

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
Scouted from island at Rock Dam but did not portage.	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty	Location
Partner and I flipped in the C2 due to miscommunication and lack of practice together.	Directly at the Put-In in the outflow of dam.

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.





Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: July 20th 2014

Name: James Kelly-Rand

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	<u>5000</u> cfs	Date/time	<u>7/20 9:30</u>
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Catacraft

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy      moderate      difficult  
 Take-out Access:      easy      moderate      difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam      Portage Rock Dam      Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
		//	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: //

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner	Advanced
<u>Novice</u>	Expert
Intermediate	

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
<u>Lower</u>	Much higher
No change	

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
Lower	Much higher
<u>No change</u>	

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

<u>Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Rating</u>
<u>Niddle channel of rock dam bypass</u>	<u>          </u>
<u>becomes runnable - ledge in retention hole</u>	<u>11+</u>

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)	<u>0</u>
Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)	<u>0</u>
Number of portages	<u>0</u>

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

5000 cfs provide a more fluid run through upper rapids (river right). Less flow than at 3500 was flowing through the river left rapids. Gate #4 favors river right. If gate #1 was used flow may be more balanced or favor river left.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/2014

Name: Michael D. Parker

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5,000 cfs	Date/time	7/20/2014 9:30 AM
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Stand up paddle board

Inflatable kayak

C2

OC1

Raft

OC2

Cataract

C1

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access:            easy            moderate            difficult

Take-out Access:        easy            moderate            difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	<u>-1</u>	0	1	2	✓	
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	<u>-1</u>	0	1	2	✓	
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		



6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/23/14 AM	5,600	II +	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: I, II, III

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Rock Dam

III

Middle Channel above Rock Dam River Right

II feature (hole)

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

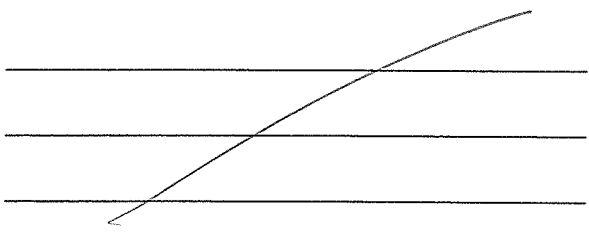
Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

Number of portages

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

Class II sticky River wide hole. ~~is~~ Not  
too bad though.

Middle channel above Rock Dam

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: Steve Bridges

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	Date/time	7/20, 9AM
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Cataract

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20/91	5000		-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II (IV)

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

1

Number of portages

0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)



15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4
_____	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

struggled to exit surf  
at bottom of small ledge,  
middle channel above  
Rock Dam

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7.20.14

Name: Tracey Kallman

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	7.20.14	900
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Cataract

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam

Portage Rock Dam

Paddled with 2oar raft  
Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)  
on kataraft

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20/14	5000	II	-2	-1	0	1	(2)		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: II

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Rock fall Dam

IV

14. Estimate the number of hits,\* stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

1

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

1

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
<u>Rock Dam</u>	1	2	3	4
<u></u>	1	2	3	4
<u></u>	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

none

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.





Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/06  
Name: Jeff Kallman

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000 cfs	Date/time	Am
Flow 4	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable	cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Stand up paddle board

Inflatable kayak

C2

OC1

Raft

OC2

Cataract

C1

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Number of portages	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		

6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/20 Rm	5000	III	-2	-1	0	1	2		

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class: III

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner

Advanced

Novice

Expert

Intermediate

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower

Higher

Lower

Much higher

No change

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup>

Rating

Rock Dam

III IV

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

Number of portages

1  
3  
0  
0

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
Rock Dam Chichon Shii	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

Best Run Yet



Figure 3.6.3-1b: Single Flow Evaluation Form

**SINGLE FLOW EVALUATION FORM**  
**Turners Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC No. 1889**  
**Whitewater Controlled Flow Study**

Date of run: 7/20/14

Name: Robert Breau

Indicate which flow release this survey corresponds to (check appropriate box):

Flow 1		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 2		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 3	5000	cfs	Date/time 7/20/14	9:00 AM
Flow 4		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 5, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	
Flow 6, if applicable		cfs	Date/time	

1. Watercraft used (Circle appropriate one):

Hard shell kayak

Inflatable kayak

OC1

OC2

C1

Stand up paddle board

C2

Raft

Cataract

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Your whitewater boating skill level for the watercraft used for this flow (Circle appropriate one):

Beginner

Novice

Intermediate

Advanced

Expert

3. Please evaluate the boating access for this segment of river (Circle appropriate one):

Put-in Access: easy moderate difficult

Take-out Access: easy moderate difficult

4. At "Rock Dam" did you (Circle appropriate response):

Run Rock Dam Portage Rock Dam Paddle alternate canal (avoid Rock Dam,)

5. Please evaluate this flow for your craft and skill level for each of the following characteristics (Circle one number for each characteristic).

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

	Totally unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally acceptable	Too Low	Too high
Navigability	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Availability of challenging technical boating	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Availability of powerful hydraulics	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Availability of whitewater play areas	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall whitewater challenge	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Safety	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Aesthetics	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		
Length of run	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Number of portages	-2	-1	<u>0</u>	1	2		
Boating instruction	-2	-1	0	<u>1</u>	2		
Overall Rating	-2	-1	0	1	<u>2</u>		



6. Evaluate the recently completed flow for your craft based on your perceived difficulty of the run for a "typical user". For example, if you perceived that a flow of 2,500 cfs was Class II, please rank this flow for a typical Class II boater.

If unacceptable,  
was flow:

Release Date/Time	Flow (cfs)	Your Perceived Difficulty of the run (Class I-V+)	Totally Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Neutral	Acceptable	Totally Acceptable	Too Low	Too high
7/26/14	5000		-2	-1	0	1	2		

9:00 AM

Class II with class III drop

7. Are you likely to return for future boating in the Turners Falls bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Definitely no

Possibly

Probably

Definitely yes

8. Based on the International Whitewater Scale (defined below), how would you rate the whitewater difficulty of the river at this flow? (if appropriate, provide a range of whitewater classifications for this flow)

This flow rates at Class:

III

- Class I – Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
- Class II – Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting. Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers. Swimmers are seldom injured and group assistance, while helpful is seldom needed.
- Class III – Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and which can swamp an open canoe. Complex maneuvers in fast current and good boat control in tight passages or around ledges are often required; large waves or strainers may be present but are easily avoided. Strong eddies and powerful current effects can be found, particularly on large-volume rivers. Scouting is advisable for inexperienced parties. Injuries while swimming are rare; self-rescue is usually easy but group assistance may be required to avoid long swims.
- Class IV – Intense, powerful but predictable rapids requiring precise boat handling in turbulent water. Depending on the character of the river, it may feature large, unavoidable waves and holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure. A fast, reliable eddy turn may be needed to initiate maneuvers, scout rapids, or rest. Rapids may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards. Scouting may be necessary the first time down. Risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high, and water conditions may make self-rescue difficult. Group assistance for rescue is often essential but requires practiced skills. A strong eskimo roll is highly recommended.
- Class V – Extremely long, obstructed, or very violent rapids which expose a paddler to added risk. Drops may contain large, unavoidable waves and holes or steep, congested chutes with complex demanding routes. Rapids may continue for long distances between pools, demanding a high level of fitness. What eddies exist may be small, turbulent, or difficult to reach. At the high end of the scale, several of these factors may be combined. Scouting is recommended but may be difficult.

Swims are dangerous, and rescue is often difficult even for experts. A very reliable eskimo roll, proper equipment, extensive experience, and practiced rescue skills are essential.

9. What skill level does a paddler need to safely paddle the bypass at this flow? (Circle one)

Beginner	Advanced
<u>Novice</u>	Expert
Intermediate	

10. Relative to this flow, would you consider the minimum acceptable flow (enough flow for an enjoyable recreation experience) to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	Higher
<u>Lower</u>	Much higher
No change	

11. Relative to this flow, would you consider the optimum flow for this type of trip to be higher, lower, or about the same as this flow? Circle one

Much lower	<u>Higher</u>
Lower	Much higher
No change	

13. Using site numbers or locations, please identify challenging features, rapids or sections and rate their difficulty (using the International Whitewater Scale at this flow).

<u>Site numbers/Locations<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Rating</u>
<u>Rock Dam</u>	<u>III</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____

14. Estimate the number of hits, stops, boat drags, and portages you had at this flow (i.e., did you hit anything and did you have to stop or get out of the boat to continue?).

Number of hits (but did not stop)

0

Number of hits with stops (did not have to get out of boat)

0

Number of hits with stops (had to get out of boat to continue)

0

Number of portages

1 up over dam  
to scout it out

<sup>1</sup> Site numbers/locations will be defined in consultation with the whitewater boating stakeholders during the field investigations for the IFIM study (Study No. 3.3.1)

15. Using site numbers/locations on the map provided, identify rapids or sections you portaged and rate the difficulty of the portages (for your type of watercraft at this flow)

Place site numbers/location and reason for portage	Easy	Slightly Difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely Difficult
Far river right channels new put in	①	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4
Rock Dam	1	2	③	4

16. Did you experience any difficulties (e.g., pinned, wrapped boat, swam) or identify any specific risk (e.g., downed trees, woody growth in the river bed) during your run at this flow? Provide a brief description and location of these experiences or identified risks..

Difficulty

Location

---



---



---



---



---



---

17. Provide any additional comments about this flow below. If necessary, please use site numbers/locations to identify specific locations.

like the fact that it is very easy to portage  
around dam for multiple runs.

